

# COMPLIANCE CLIPS

## Resource Companion

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### DON'T GET HOOKED



### Recognize & Avoid Phishing Attacks

This resource summarizes key highlights presented in the associated Compliance Clips video. [Click Here](#) for other compliance related resources.

#### WHAT IS PHISHING?

Phishing (also known as social engineering), refers to a technique that is often used to trick people into giving up their personal information.

*Phishing attacks typically come in the form of fraudulent email messages that appear to have come from a legitimate source, such as your university or bank. Phishing emails will usually direct to a spoofed website or trick the receiver into divulging personal information like account passwords, credit card information, etc.*

#### WHAT TO LOOK FOR?

While not contained in every phishing email, the following common signs and cues may serve as possible red flags.

<b>Scare tactics / urgent requests</b>	Phishing attacks are known for attempting to induce panic in the receiver and cause the person to act without verifying the legitimacy of the claim or the request
<b>Spoofed link text</b>	Because the actual destination of hyperlinks can be hidden behind spoofed link text, be sure to carefully scrutinize the actual URL address. <b>Note:</b> This may not be the case at UConn since Microsoft Advanced Threat Protection is used. As a result, destination links may appear garbled.
<b>Bad spelling or grammar</b>	Phishing messages are notorious for containing misspelled words or poor grammar.
<b>Mismatched email address information</b>	Remember to check the sender's name to view the actual "reply-to" email address
<b>Generic signature lines</b>	Review the message for an official UConn Health or UConn signature to indicate the message is from a trustworthy sender.
<b>Unexpected requests</b>	Be cautious about unexpected requests regarding personal information. Always be suspicious of any unsolicited communication or requests from contacts you did not initiate.

#### HOW TO RESPOND TO A PHISHING SCAM?

**Recognize Red Flags** – Start by reviewing the email for common warning signs, such as those outlined herein.

**Take Action** – If you suspect that you have received a phishing email, immediately report it and delete it from your inbox.

**Report Phishing Emails by forwarding them to:**

**UConn** [reportphishing@uconn.edu](mailto:reportphishing@uconn.edu)

**UConn Health** [servicedesk@uchc.edu](mailto:servicedesk@uchc.edu)

**If you clicked on a phishing email or shared personal information, immediately:**

**Change your password** directly through the following official UConn or UConn Health website.

**UConn** [netid.uconn.edu](https://netid.uconn.edu)

**UConn Health** [remote.uchc.edu](https://remote.uchc.edu)

**Review account statements and activity.**

Note: ITS monitors for suspicious activities associated with phishing attacks.

**Run a virus scan on your computer** to detect and remove any potentially harmful software downloaded on your system after clicking on a link.

#### UConn RESOURCES

UConn PHISHING EDUCATION WEBSITE

REPORT PHISHING AT UConn

NETID HOMEPAGE (PASSWORD RESET)

#### UConn HEALTH RESOURCES

CYBER SECURITY AWARENESS MATERIALS

REPORT PHISHING AT UConn HEALTH

SERVICE DESK (PASSWORD RESET)